## CMPE 350 - Spring 2019

## PS 13 - 30.05.19

• Given an example of a language L such that L is co-Turing recognizable but its complement is not.

- Prove that the language  $\{ < M, w, q > | M \text{ is a Turing machine which visits state } q \text{ during its execution when started with input string } w \}$  is undecidable.
- Prove or disprove: "Every infinite decidable language has an undecidable subset."

• Prove or disprove: "For each  $k \ge 1$ ,  $L_k = \{w | w \text{ is a } k \text{-symbol description of a Turing Machine}\}$  is regular."

• Is the class of co-Turing recognizable languages closed under union? Prove your answer.

• Does every nonregular language have a proper subset that is itself a nonregular language? Prove your answer.